

REFRIGERANT HANDLING DOCUMENTATION

From the EPA Website concerning Motor Vehicle A/C systems & servicing

http://www.epa.gov/ozone/title6/609/justfax.html

Section 609 Regulatory History

The <u>original regulation</u> promulgated under section 609 was published in July 1992. That regulation established standards for equipment that <u>recovers</u> and <u>recycles</u> CFC-12 refrigerant from motor vehicle air conditioners, rules for training and testing technicians to handle this equipment, and record-keeping requirements for service facilities and for refrigerant retailers. A <u>supplemental final rule</u> published in May 1995 established a standard for equipment that recovers but does not recycle CFC-12, and training and testing technicians to handle this equipment.

Approved Equipment

Technicians repairing or servicing CFC-12 MVACs must use either <u>recover/recycle</u> or recoveronly equipment <u>approved by EPA</u>. Recover/recycle equipment cleans the refrigerant so that oil, air and moisture contaminants reach acceptably low levels.

Technician Training and Certification

Technicians who repair or service CFC-12 and HFC-134a motor vehicle air conditioners must be trained and certified by an <u>EPA-approved organization</u>. Training programs must include information on the proper use of equipment, the regulatory requirements, the importance of refrigerant recovery, and the effects of ozone depletion. To be certified, technicians must pass a test demonstrating their knowledge in these areas.

Recordkeeping Requirements

Service shops must maintain records of the name and address of any facility to which refrigerant is sent. If refrigerant is recovered and sent to a reclamation facility, the name and address of that facility must be kept on file. Service shops are also required to maintain records (on-site) showing that all service technicians are properly certified.

Certification Requirements

Service shops must certify to EPA that they have acquired and are properly using approved refrigerant recovery equipment, and that each person using the equipment has been properly trained and certified. The certification statement shall include the name and address of the service establishment, the name of the equipment manufacturer, equipment model and serial number, and equipment date of manufacture. A sample <u>certification form (PDF)</u> (2 pp., 16KB, <u>About PDF</u>) shows the information that should be included in the signed statement.

Name	
Date of Birth//	
Issuing Authority: (check one)	
	ASE (Not Test A-7) <u>http://www.ase.com/Tests/cfc.aspx</u>
	MACS http://www.macsw.org/imis15/MACS
	OTHER
Document Number:	
Refrigerant Handling Experience (total # of years)	

ATTACH PHOTOCOPY OF REFRIGERANT LICENSE